2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

CITY OF MARKS Public Water System Name

PW5# 0600007

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

	Customers were	informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)							
	П	☐ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)							
	П	☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)							
	Ü	☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)							
	Π	☐ Other							
	Date(s) custom	ers were informed: / /2020 / /2020 / /2020							
سلا	CCR was distributed by <u>U.S. Postal Service</u> or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used <u>(TO BANK DEAFT CUSTOMERS)</u>								
	Date Mailed/D	istributed: 06 / 25 / 2020							
	CCR was distrib	nted by Email (Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / / 2020							
		☐ As a URL(Provide Direct URL							
		☐ As an attachment							
		☐ As text within the body of the email message							
Ü	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)								
	Name of News	paper:							
Date Published:/ / MARKS CITY HALL									
V	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) MARKS CITY HALL Date Posted: 06/25/2020								
19	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:								
		msrwa. Org/2019ccr/marks.pdf (Provide Direct URL)							
I here above and co	and that I used dist prrect and is consiste alth, Bureau of Publ	CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identifier ibution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is truent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department water Supply [2] 125 2020							
Name	Tille (Doara Fresie	lent, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)							

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215 Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

** Not a preferred method due to poor clarity **

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

HOSTED: JUNE 25, 2020

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report City of Marks PWS ID# 0600007 May 2020

We are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. Included are details about from where your water comes, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water and to providing you with this information, because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is groundwater. Our wells draw from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

A Source Water Assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of the drinking water supply and to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water supply and is available upon request. The wells for The City of Marks have received moderate susceptibility rankings.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water, please contact Mayor Joe Shegog at 662. 326-3161. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held at 5 P.M. on the first Tuesday of each month at City Hall.

We routinely monitor for over 150 contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The table below lists all the drinking water contaminants that we detected in the last round of sampling for the particular contaminant group. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 through December 31, (2019). As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. All drinking water, including bottled water may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L) - One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/L) - One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single ponny in \$10,000,000.

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant (units) Sample Date					MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination	
Barium (ppm) 2019		N	0.04	NO	E 2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
Fluoride (ppm) 2019		N	0.102	No Range	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories	
Chromium (ppb) 2019			0.9	NO RANGE	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
Contaminant (uni	Sample Date	Your Water	# of sites found above the AL	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination		
Copper (ppm) (90 th percentile)	2019	0.7	0	1.3	AL=1.	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives		
Lead (ppb) (90 th percentile)		2019	10	О	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household	
sinfectants and D	isinfection	Byproducts	Contamir	ants			acposits	
Contaminant (units)	MCL/MF DL Violation Y/N	Your	Range Low High	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination		
TTHM (ppb) Total [rihalomethanes]	N	1.46	NO RANGE	N/A	80	By-pro-	By-product of drinking water chlorination	
IAA5 (ppb) Total Haloacetic Acids]	N	2.0	NO RANGE	N/A	60	By-prod disinfed	By-product of drinking water disinfection	
hlorine (ppm) N regulated Contaminants		1.10	1.01- 1.14	MRDLG = 4	MRDL =	Water additive used to control microbes		
Contaminant) (OI	T	Range				
inits)	Sample Date	MCL Violation Y/N	Your Water	Low High	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination	
odium (ppb)	2019	N	100000	NO RANGE	None	None	Road Salt, Water treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents	

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", MS060007 is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 was 0. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 was 0%.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any samples prior to the end of the monitoring period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Marks is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The City of Marks works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.